

Export Requirements Notification - Animal Products Act 1999

Standards Branch, Animal and Animal Products Directorate, Ministry for Primary Industries

Ref: AE-TW-19L

Date: 12 December 2012

BIRAVIEC.TW 19 DECEMBER 2012 – AVIARY BIRDS TO TAIWAN

1. Statutory authority

Pursuant to section 60, section 60A, section 62(1) and section 167 of the Animal Products Act 1999 I notify the following:

(i) the issue under section 60 of the export requirements for aviary birds to Taiwan BIRAVIEC.TW dated 19 December 2012;

(ii) the determination under section 62(1) of the format and content of the official assurance for aviary birds to Taiwan.

This notice takes effect from the 19th of December 2012.

Dated at Wellington this 17th day of December 2012.

Signed: Howard Pharo BVSc, MScTAD, MPP, MANZCVSc
Manager Import and Export Animals
Animal and Animal Products Directorate
Standards Branch
(acting under delegated authority)

2. Taiwan requirements

Aviary birds exported from New Zealand to Taiwan must be accompanied by an official assurance in the form of a completed zoosanitary certificate.

The zoosanitary certificate as specified below must be completed and certified, after due enquiry, by an Official Veterinarian of the Ministry for Primary Industries.

Explanatory note:

If the zoosanitary certificate is not certified then the aviary birds do not satisfy the conditions in the notice. Likewise, if the aviary birds do not satisfy the zoosanitary requirements in the certificate, then the certificate will not be certified.

ZOOSANITARY CERTIFICATE

Commodity: BIRDS - SIX OR MORE (INCLUDING PIGEONS, PARROTS, EAGLES AND OTHER FLYING BIRDS ETC)

To: TAIWAN

Exporting Country: NEW ZEALAND

Competent Authority: MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND FORESTRY

Import Permit Number:

I: IDENTIFICATION OF BIRDS

Identification number	Scientific name

Total number of birds:.....

II: SOURCE OF BIRDS

Name and address of exporter:.....
.....

Province or area of the establishment of origin:

Name and address of the establishment of origin:.....
.....

III: DESTINATION OF BIRDS

Name and address of consignee:

Means and identification of transport:.....

Port of export:

**IV: SANITARY INFORMATION
VETERINARY CERTIFICATE**

I,, being an Official Veterinarian of the New Zealand Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry certify after due enquiry in regard to the birds identified in this Zoosanitary Certificate that:

1 New Zealand is free from Newcastle Disease, and Highly Pathogenic Avian Influenza (HPAI).

2 There has been no case of West Nile virus in New Zealand in the year prior to export.

3 Establishment of origin

3.1 The birds were held for a period of at least three (3) months prior to export, or following hatching, on a premise that is under the supervision and regular inspection of a veterinarian responsible for disease diagnosis and notification.

3.2 Newcastle disease, *Salmonella pullorum* (pullorum disease), avian tuberculosis and fowl cholera have not occurred on the establishment of origin for the twelve (12) months prior to export.

3.3 H5 and H7 subtype avian influenza, avian chlamydiosis, avian mycoplasmosis caused by *Mycoplasma gallisepticum* and infectious coryza have not occurred on the establishment of origin for the six (6) months prior to export.

4 Pre-export isolation

4.1 The birds for export have been quarantined in a New Zealand government approved pre-export isolation facility for at least twenty one (21) days prior to export in an establishment that is under supervision of an Official Veterinarian.

Date of pre-export quarantine period: from (dd/mm/yyyy) to (dd/mm/yyyy)

4.2 During the period of pre-export isolation, the birds were inspected, and were found to be healthy and free from clinical evidence of any contagious or transmissible diseases.

4.3 During the period of pre-export isolation, twenty (20) birds (or for a consignment of twenty (20) or less, all birds) were subjected to the following disease tests, with negative results:

4.3.1 H5 and H7 subtype avian influenza, using an antibody test or causal agent identification

4.3.2 Newcastle disease, using causal agent identification.

Test	Date of sampling	Name of the test laboratory	Type of test	Date of test
Test of 4.3.1 <input type="checkbox"/> antibody test; or <input type="checkbox"/> causal agent identification				
Test of 4.3.2				

EXPORT CERTIFICATION

(This is not part of the official certification)

COMMODITY: BIRDS - SIX OR MORE (INCLUDING PIGEONS, PARROTS, EAGLES AND OTHER FLYING BIRDS ETC.)

COUNTRY: TAIWAN

NOTES: This is a new certificate. It is based on Taiwan's "Quarantine Requirements for the Importation of Poultry and Birds", dated 03-07-2012. The certificate was approved for use by the Bureau of Animal and Plant Health Inspection and Quarantine (BAPHIQ), Taiwan on November 13, 2012.

- 1 An Import Permit is required.
- 2 The term "birds" refers to live animals of more than 3 days of age in the Class Aves.
- 3 Clause 3.1 refers to regular inspections; this means at least annual inspections.
- 4 Regarding clause 4.3: Taiwan has given approval for the following tests: both an AGID and a hemagglutination inhibition (HI) test for H5 and H7 subtype avian influenza, and an HI test for Newcastle disease.
- 5 The birds shall not be transported through any port in a country/zone where highly pathogenic avian influenza is known to occur.
- 6 No additional feed, fodder, bedding or poultry/birds can be loaded en route to the destination.
- 7 The means of transport and transit shall comply with OIE's Terrestrial Animal Health Code and Live Animal Regulations of the International Air Transport Association (IATA).
- 8 Post-entry quarantine:
 - The birds will be allowed entry only upon the confirmation, by the animal quarantine authority of the importing country, of a space reserved in the post-entry quarantine facility where the animals shall be detained for ten (10) days upon arrival.
 - The central competent authority of the importing country will announce the effective date of the Post-entry Quarantine Requirements for Birds (other than land fowls and waterfowls).

Section 61.A of the Animal Products Act states that 'The Crown is not liable, and nor is the Director-General or any employee of the Ministry liable, for any loss arising through the refusal or failure of the relevant authority of an overseas market to admit export animal material or animal product to that market'.