

Certificate N ^o

Sections 2.53, 3.14 and 4.03 of the Export Control (Animals) Order 2004

Page 1 of 8

NT 1		NT IAIL OF	1 uge 1 of o					
Name and	Address of Exporter	Name and Address of 19	Name and Address of Importer					
		New Zealand						
		7.70						
		Import Permit Nº						
	n of Animals							
<u>Number</u>	Kind (Species)	Class (Companion, competition,	Identification (microchip,					
		<u>breeder etc)</u>	<u>eartags etc)</u>					
	HORSE		As per Schedule					
Descriptio	on of Animal Reproductive Ma	terial						
Number	Kind (Species and type; eg	Condition (Fresh/Frozen)	Identification (straw					
	bovine semen)		numbers, packing list)					
	,		1 5					
			1					
The goods have complied with the requirements set out in		s set out in the following page/s.	Official Stamp					
Name of A	Authorised Officer	Identity N ^o						
		•						
		/ /						
Cianat	of Authorised Officer	Date of Issue						
signature	of Authorised Officer	Date of Issue						



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Iture Sections 2.53, 3.14 and 4.03 of the Export Control (Animals) Order 2004

Page 2 of 8

Part I: Details o	f dispatch	ned consignn	<u>nent</u>		
Veterinary Autl	nority: Th	e Departmen	t of Agricu	lture	
Country of original	in: AUST	RALIA		Co	untry of destination: NEW ZEALAND
Place of shipme	nt:			Da	te of departure:
Means of transp	ort: Airc	raft \square	Vesse	el 🗌	
Commodity: HC	ORSE				
Total number of	f horses:				
Identification de	e tails (bra	nds, microch	ip/site, offic	cial passpo	ort, or identification silhouette):
Name	Breed	Age/Year	Sex	Colour	Identification
As per Schedule	,				

Part II: Zoosanitary Information

Veterinary Certificate

I, , an Official Veterinarian authorised by the Government of Australia certify, after due enquiry, with respect to the horse identified in this Zoosanitary Certificate that:

Inspection:

1. Within 48 hours prior to export, the horses were examined by a registered veterinarian and were found to be free of clinical signs of infectious disease and were fit to travel.

Laboratory:

- 2. Diagnostic testing was conducted at a laboratory accredited by the National Association of Testing Authorities, Australia.
- 3. Laboratory samples were collected by a registered veterinarian.

Transport:

- 4. The vehicle for transport of the export horses to the port of departure was cleaned and disinfected with a virucidal disinfectant prior to loading of the horses.
- 5. During transport to the port of departure, the horses were kept isolated from animals not of equivalent health status.
- 6. No other animals are being transported on the aircraft or vessel except those certified by an official veterinarian as eligible for export to New Zealand.
- 7. Horses were loaded into containers that: (*Delete a, b or c as appropriate*)
 - a. are new, and treated with a registered residual insecticide

OR

b. were cleaned and disinfected with a registered disinfectant before loading and treated with a registered residual insecticide

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE



Certificate Nº

re Sections 2.53, 3.14 and 4.03 of the Export Control (Animals) Order 2004

Page 3 of 8

OR

- c. have not left airside and are crates that have last carried horses from New Zealand to Australia and are immediately returning to New Zealand.
- 8. For horses transported by air, the cargo space of the aircraft in which the horses will be transported was sprayed with a registered residual insecticide spray or a current 'Certificate of Residual Disinsection' has been verified.
- 9. No mare in the consignment is more than 300 days pregnant;
- 10. No horse in the consignment is less than 1 month of age.

Country/region disease freedom and residency:

- 11. The horses were free from all quarantine restrictions prior to export to New Zealand.
- 12. The horses were: (*Delete a or b as appropriate*)
 - a. resident for at least the period specified in brackets below (or since birth if less than 6 months of age), in Australia before export **OR**
 - b. imported into Australia within the last 6 months, in accordance with the Department of Agriculture's import requirements;

AND

Australia is free from the following diseases:

- African horse sickness (40 days)
- Borna disease (90 days)
- contagious equine metritis (60 days)
- dourine (60 days)
- epizootic lymphangitis (60 days)
- equine encephalomyelitis (Eastern and Western) (90 days)
- equine encephalosis (40 days)
- equine influenza (21 days)
- equine piroplasmosis (30 days)
- glanders (6 months)
- Nipah virus (90 days)
- New World and Old World screwworm fly (Cochliomyia hominivorax or Chrysomya bezziana myiasis) (21 days)
- rabies (6 months)
- equine salmonellosis (Salmonella abortusequi) (90 days)
- surra (60 days)
- Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis (6 month)
- vesicular stomatitis (21 days)
- warble fly (90 days).

For anthrax:

13. The horses showed no clinical signs of anthrax at the final inspection prior to export and were kept during the 20 days prior to export (or since being directly imported into Australia) at premises where anthrax has not been reported during that time. Anthrax is notifiable in Australia.



Certificate Nº

Department of Agriculture Sections 2.53, 3.14 and 4.03 of the Export Control (Animals) Order 2004

Page 4 of 8

For **ectoparasites:** (Delete 14. a or b and 15 as appropriate)

14. The horses were treated within 48 hours of export. The product(s) used were registered for use against ectoparasites and were applied as described in the manufacturer's instructions.

AND EITHER

a. the horses were thoroughly examined within 48 hours prior to export by a registered veterinarian and there was no evidence of tick infection.

OR

b. the horses were thoroughly examined within 48 hours prior to export by a registered veterinarian and ticks were found. The horses were re-treated, and then re-inspected, and ticks were not found.

AND

- 15. for horses exported from cattle tick infected areas;
 - a. treated as per 14. above

AND

b. horses were stabled for a minimum period of 3 days immediately prior to export to New Zealand.

AND

i. upon entry to the pre-export stable, the horses and stable environment were sprayed with a registered acaricide and no livestock (cattle/sheep/goats/deer/buffalo/camels) was held within 100 metres of the stable premises.

AND

ii. all food and bedding of the stabled horses intended for export were found to be free of evidence of ticks.

AND

c. transported to the port of departure in a vehicle that was treated with a registered acaricide before loading.

For **endoparasites** As per Schedule

16. the horses were treated within 48 hours of export. The product used is a registered broad spectrum endoparasiticide and was applied as described in the manufacturer's instructions.

For **equine herpesvirus 1** [abortigenic and paralytic forms (EHV-1)]

17. the horses showed no clinical sign of EHV-1 infection (abortigenic and paralytic forms) at the final inspection and were kept for at least 21 days prior to export (or since being directly imported into Australia) at premises where no official case of EHV-1 infection (abortigenic and paralytic forms) was reported during that time.

For **equine infectious anaemia**¹ (EIA) *As per Schedule*

¹Import testing requirement does not apply to:

- unweaned foals (accompanied by their negative tested dam) less than 6 months of age, and
- horses exported from New Zealand to Australia for less than 21 days prior to re-export to New Zealand.
- 18. EIA is notifiable in Australia



Certificate Nº

Sections 2.53, 3.14 and 4.03 of the Export Control (Animals) Order 2004

Page 5 of 8

AND

The horses:

- a. showed no clinical sign of EIA at the final inspection; **AND**
- b. were kept since birth or for at least the past 90 days (or since being directly imported into Australia) at premises where no official case of EIA has been reported during that time; **AND**
- c. were tested with negative results for EIA virus using an agar gel immunodiffusion (AGID) test or an ELISA on a sample collected during the 21 days prior to export.

For equine viral arteritis² (EVA) (Delete clause 19, 20 or 21 as appropriate) As per Schedule

²Import testing requirement does not apply to:

- unweaned foals (accompanied by their negative tested dam) less than 6 months of age, and
- horses exported from New Zealand to Australia for less than 21 days prior to re-export to New Zealand.
- 19. <u>For uncastrated male horses</u>: (Delete a, b or c as appropriate, except Shuttle Stallions see point 20)

The horses showed no clinical sign of EVA at final inspection; they were kept for at least the 28 days prior to export (or since being directly imported into Australia) at premises where EVA has not been reported during that time;

AND

a. were tested negative for EVA antibodies using a virus neutralisation test on a sample collected during the 28 days prior to export.

OR

in the case of stallions that are seropositive for EVA virus³, there is no evidence of them being treated with gonadotrophin releasing hormone antagonist or shedding EVA in their semen as determined by the following:

b. during the 6 months prior to export the seropositive stallion was test mated to 2 mares. The mares were subjected to 2 virus neutralisation tests for EVA, with negative results. The first sample was collected from each mare at the time of test mating and the second sample collected 28 days later.

OR

c. during the 6 months prior to export the seropositive stallion(s) has been tested with negative results by virus isolation on the sperm rich fraction of 2 separate semen samples. (*As per Schedule*)

³For an EVA seropositive stallion a Veterinary Declaration is attached (see Appendix 1) that has been signed by a veterinarian indicating that there is no evidence of the stallion ever shedding virus in semen or being treated with gonadotropin-releasing hormone antagonist.

- 20. <u>For shuttle stallions</u>: (*Delete a, b, c or d as appropriate*)
 - a. Clause 19a, 19b or 19c was met;

OR

b. between 6–9 months of age 2 blood samples were collected 14 days apart which showed stable or declining EVA antibody titres. After the last blood sample was collected the horse was immediately vaccinated for EVA, and revaccinated to maintain current EVA vaccination status as described in the manufacturer's instructions.



Certificate Nº

Sections 2.53, 3.14 and 4.03 of the Export Control (Animals) Order 2004

Page 6 of 8

OR

- c. were vaccinated for EVA as described in the following protocol:
 - held in isolation for 7 days and then tested negative for EVA antibodies using a virus neutralisation test; and
 - after the blood sample was collected the stallion/s was/were vaccinated for EVA; and
 - following vaccination stallion/s was/were isolated from all other horses for a further 21 days; and
 - were revaccinated to maintain current EVA vaccination status as described in the manufacturer's instructions.

OR

- d. were subjected to virus isolation on the sperm rich fraction of 2 separate semen samples (may be taken on the same day) as described in the Terrestrial Manual with negative results; and
 - vaccinated for EVA after the semen samples were collected; and
 - were revaccinated to maintain current EVA status as described in the manufacturer's instructions.

For all horses other than uncastrated males:

21. the horses showed no clinical sign of EVA at the time of final inspection; and they were kept for at least the 28 days prior to export (or since being directly imported into Australia) at premises where EVA has not been reported; (*Delete a or b as appropriate*)

AND EITHER

a. Were tested negative for EVA antibodies using a virus neutralisation test. The samples for testing were collected during the 28 days prior to export.

OR

b. During the 28 days prior to export, 2 blood samples were collected from the horses at least 14 days apart, the samples were tested for EVA antibodies using a virus neutralisation test and the results showed stable or declining titres.

For Hendra virus

- 22. a. Hendra virus infection is notifiable in Australia
 - b. the horses were kept since birth or for at least 90 days prior to export (or since being directly imported into Australia) at premises where no case of Hendra virus infection in horses was reported during that time.

For Japanese encephalitis (JE)

23. the horses were kept for at least 21 days prior to export (or since being directly imported into Australia) in an area at least 100 km from where JE has been reported in the past year.



Certificate Nº

Sections 2.53, 3.14 and 4.03 of the Export Control (Animals) Order 2004

	Page 7 of 8
Official Veterinarian Name and address (in capital letter	s):
Date:	Official Veterinarian Signature:
Official Stamp:	Contact details:



Certificate $N^{\underline{o}}$	

Sections 2.53, 3.14 and 4.03 of the Export Control (Animals) Order 2004

Page 8 of 8

SCHEDULE OF HORSES

			=	CHEE CEE O						
Breed	Name or Breeding	Age, Col, Sex	ID	Sample Collection Date		7	Treatment (date)			
						Ectopar	asiticide	H	Endoparasiticid	e
				EIA:*	EVA:*	Barricade	Blockade-S	Abamectin	Ivermectin	Moxidectin
						'S'	4 ml/litre	20 /1001	20 /1001	40 /1001
						4 ml/litre		20 mg/100 kg	20 mg/100 kg	40 mg/100 kg
					\					

^{*} N/A if horse has been in Australia for <21 days before returning to NZ. Attach a copy of the associated New Zealand certificate.