

## **Overseas Market Access Requirements Notification - Animal Products Act 1999**

### **Regulation & Assurance Branch, Animal & Animal Products Directorate, Ministry for Primary Industries**

Ref: AE-PH-19

Date: 7 March 2017

### **POUDAE.PH 9 MARCH 2017 – DAY-OLD CHICKS AND HATCHING EGGS OF POULTRY TO THE REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES**

#### **1. Statutory authority**

Pursuant to section 60, section 60A, section 62(1) and section 167 of the Animal Products Act 1999 I notify the following:

- (i) the issue under section 60 of the export requirements for day-old chicks and hatching eggs of poultry to the Republic of the Philippines POUDAE.PH dated 9 March 2017;
- (ii) the revocation and replacement of day old chicks/hatching eggs (poultry) to the Philippines OMAR B BIRDOCEC.PHI 04.07.05;
- (iii) the determination under section 62(1) of the format and content of the official assurance for day-old chicks and hatching eggs of poultry to the Republic of the Philippines.

This notice takes effect from 9 March 2017.

Dated at Wellington this 8<sup>th</sup> day of March 2017.

Signed: Howard Pharo  
Manager Import and Export Animals  
Animal and Animal Products Directorate  
Regulation and Assurance Branch  
(acting under delegated authority)

#### **2. Republic of the Philippines requirements**

Consignments of day-old chicks and hatching eggs of poultry exported from New Zealand to the Republic of the Philippines must be accompanied by an official assurance in the form of a completed zoosanitary certificate.

The zoosanitary certificate as specified below must be completed and certified, after due enquiry, by an Official Veterinarian of the Ministry for Primary Industries.

#### **Explanatory note:**

If the zoosanitary certificate is not certified then the day-old chicks and hatching eggs of poultry do not satisfy the conditions in the notice. Likewise, if the day-old chicks and hatching eggs of poultry do not satisfy the zoosanitary requirements in the certificate, then the certificate will not be certified.



Certificate No: .....

**NEW ZEALAND MINISTRY FOR PRIMARY INDUSTRIES**

**ZOOSANITARY CERTIFICATE**

Commodity: DAY-OLD CHICKS AND HATCHING EGGS OF POULTRY

To: REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES

Exporting country: NEW ZEALAND

Competent Authority: MINISTRY FOR PRIMARY INDUSTRIES

Import Permit number: .....

**I: IDENTIFICATION OF DAY-OLD CHICKS / HATCHING EGGS**

Species (scientific name)	Commodity Type (Day-old chicks or Hatching eggs)	Description / Identification	Number (quantity)

Total number (quantity) of day-old chicks / hatching eggs: .....

**II: ORIGIN OF DAY-OLD CHICKS / HATCHING EGGS**

Name and address of exporter: .....  
.....

Name, address and approval number of premises of origin: .....  
.....

**III: DESTINATION OF DAY-OLD CHICKS / HATCHING EGGS**

Name and address of importer: .....  
.....

Means and identification of transport: .....

**IV: SANITARY INFORMATION**

**VETERINARY CERTIFICATE**

I, ....., being an Official Veterinarian of the New Zealand Ministry for Primary Industries certify, after due enquiry, with respect to the day-old chicks / hatching eggs described in this zoosanitary certificate that:

1. New Zealand is free from Highly Pathogenic Avian Influenza (fowl plague), *Salmonella* Pullorum (Pullorum disease), *S. Gallinarum* (fowl typhoid) and duck viral hepatitis.
2. There has been no evidence of diseases due to avian influenza, Newcastle disease, avian encephalomyelitis, avian leukosis, Marek’s disease, infectious bursal disease or any infectious or contagious disease on the farm(s) of origin for the last six (6) months prior to export.
3. [The day-old chicks / hatching eggs originated from a source flock (breeding flock) that is regularly tested, with negative results, for *Salmonella* Pullorum (Pullorum disease).] \*  

\* (Delete in the case of ducklings)
4. In the case of hatching eggs, these were either fumigated or disinfected with a disinfectant approved for the purpose.
5. In the case of day-old poultry, they have been hatched from eggs that had been fumigated before setting.
6. In the case of day-old poultry, they have been hatched from incubators/hatchers that were disinfected or fumigated prior to setting and hatching.
7. In the case of day-old poultry, they were inspected prior to shipment and showed no evidence of any infectious or contagious diseases.
8. In the case of day-old poultry, they were packed directly from the incubator into new boxes for export and had no contact with any birds other than the day-old poultry.

.....  
Signature of Official Veterinarian Official Stamp and Date  
New Zealand Ministry for Primary Industries

.....  
.....  
Name and Address

**NOTE: The Official Veterinarian must sign, date and stamp each page of the veterinary certificate using a different colour ink to the paper and the print, and, where applicable, sign, date and stamp each page of the documents (e.g. laboratory reports) that form part of the extended health certification.**

## EXPORT CERTIFICATION

(This is not part of the official certification)

**COMMODITY:** DAY-OLD CHICKS AND HATCHING EGGS OF POULTRY

**COUNTRY:** REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES

**NOTES** This certificate replaces that dated 1 March 2013 (OMAR dated 4 July 2005). It is based on an SPS Import Clearance (import permit) from the Republic of the Philippines valid from 9 January 2017 to 8 March 2017. It was accepted by the Philippine Department of Agriculture, Bureau of Animal Industry in a letter dated 14 February 2017.

1. An import permit (“*SPS Import Clearance*”) is required. (Where the SPS Import Clearance issues may be generic and refer to “accredited Pullorum free flocks”, the Republic of the Philippines has accepted that this disease is absent from New Zealand).
2. Poultry includes chickens and ducks (ducklings).
3. The Ministry for Primary Industries approves a hatchery and its associated source flocks that supply either hatching eggs and / or day-old chicks as an export approved premises.  
  
The export approved premises approval number applies to the hatchery and associated source flocks (breeding flocks).  
  
For hatching eggs and / or day-old chicks supplied from the hatchery, the hatchery approval number and address should be recorded in section II.  
  
For hatching eggs exported directly from the source farm the hatchery approval number and the source farm name for each source flock should be recorded in section II.
4. Identification of day-old chicks / hatching eggs: the “Description / Identification” column should be used to enter any identification information or other information that would match the consignment to import documentation e.g. the identification of the containers / boxes of day-old chicks / hatching eggs.
5. Day-old chick means a live poultry chick within the first 72 hours of life or while it has not been fed, whichever period is shorter.
6. The commodity type is indicated in the identification table.  
  
Clauses that apply to a specific commodity only should not be deleted, unless specifically indicated.  
  
Where a clause refers to more than one commodity type, it is taken to apply only to the commodity type indicated in the identification table.  
  
Where a clause refers to a commodity type not indicated in the identification table and deletion is not indicated, it is taken to not apply.

7. Clause 3: Regular testing implies testing birds at least prior to the first setting of eggs from the flock, or when the flock is at 5% production.

A number of samples sufficient to detect 5% prevalence with a 95% confidence should be tested (serum agglutination test).

Positive reactors will be confirmed by either

[the tube agglutination test.

Any positive reactors on the tube agglutination test will be confirmed as being infected by culture at post-mortem examination.

Bacterial culture will be taken from the following tissues: spleen, ovary, caecal tonsils and liver. Only birds that are culture positive in one or more organs are considered to be true positives]

or

[PCR].

If there are any true positives, then the test result will be regarded as positive and the source flock cannot be used for the supply of day-old chicks / hatching eggs to the Republic of the Philippines (*reporting to MPI0800 pest hotline required – exotic disease*).

\*\*\*\*\*

**Section 61A of the Animal Products Act 1999 states that 'The Crown is not liable, and nor is the Director-General or any employee of the Ministry liable, for any loss arising through the refusal or failure of the relevant authority of an overseas market to admit export animal material or animal product to that market'.**